GOVERNMENT OF PUDUCHERRY
TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT
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To

The Technical Director and State Informatics Officer
National Informatics Center
Chief Secretariat
Puducherry.

Sir,


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In pursuance of the directions of the Hon’ble Supreme Court of India, the Ministry of Road Transport and Highways has notified the guidelines for protection of Good Samaritans who help Road Accident Victims from harassment. The copy of the same is enclosed herewith, which may kindly be uploaded in the official website of Government of Puducherry for the information of General Public.

Yours faithfully,

(S. D. SUNDARESAN)
TRANSPORT COMMISSIONER –cum- NODAL OFFICER, ROAD SAFETY

Encl: As above.

\ Copy to: The Programmer, Transport Department, Puducherry
...to upload the guidelines in the website of Transport Department, Puducherry.
No. RT-25035/101/2014-RS

To,

(i) The Chief Secretaries of all States/UTs.

(ii) The Secretary/Principal Secretary, Transport departments of all States/UTs.

Subject: Guidelines for protection of Good Samaritans in pursuance of direction of Hon’ble Supreme Court of India.

Sir,

I am directed to draw your kind attention towards the Hon’ble Supreme Court of India’s order dated 29th October, 2014 in Writ petition (Civil) no. 235 of 2012 directing Ministry of Road Transport and Highways to issue necessary guidelines for protection of Good Samaritans, who help road accident victims, from harassment.

2. In pursuance of the directions of the Hon’ble Supreme Court of India, in consultation with the Ministry of Law & Justice and with the approval of Committee of Secretaries, Ministry of Road Transport & Highways has published the requisite notification in the Gazette of India on 12.05.2015. A copy of the notification is enclosed for your ready reference and compliance. It is requested that wide publicity may be given to this notification through electronic and print media or any other possible mode so that citizens and authorities become aware of the guidelines and come forward to help the road accident victims.

Yours faithfully,

(Rajeev Lochan)
Director (Road Safety)
Phone no. 23351967

Encl.: As above
MINISTRY OF ROAD TRANSPORT AND HIGHWAYS
NOTIFICATION
New Delhi, the 12th May, 2015

No. 25035/101/2014-RS.—Whereas the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the case of Savelife Foundation and another V/s. Union Of India and another in Writ Petition (Civil) No. 235 of 2012 vide its order dated 29th October, 2014, interalia, directed the Central Government to issue necessary directions with regard to the protection of Good Samaritans until appropriate legislation is made by the Union Legislature;

And whereas, the Central Government considers it necessary to protect the Good Samaritans from harassment on the actions being taken by them to save the life of the road accident victims and, therefore, the Central Government hereby issues the following guidelines to be followed by hospitals, police and all other authorities for the protection of Good Samaritans, namely:-

1. (1) A bystander or good Samaritan including an eyewitness of a road accident may take an injured person to the nearest hospital, and the bystander or good Samaritan should be allowed to leave immediately except after furnishing address by the eyewitness only and no question shall be asked to such bystander or good Samaritan.

(2) The bystander or good Samaritan shall be suitably rewarded or compensated to encourage other citizens to come forward to help the road accident victims by the authorities in the manner as may be specified by the State Governments.

(3) The bystander or good Samaritan shall not be liable for any civil and criminal liability.

(4) A bystander or good Samaritan, who makes a phone call to inform the police or emergency services for the person lying injured on the road, shall not be compelled to reveal his name and personal details on the phone or in person.

(5) The disclosure of personal information, such as name and contact details of the good Samaritan shall be made voluntary and optional including in the Medico Legal Case (MLC) Form provided by hospitals.

(6) The disciplinary or departmental action shall be initiated by the Government concerned against public officials who coerce or intimidate a bystander or good Samaritan for revealing his name or personal details.

(7) In case a bystander or good Samaritan, who has voluntarily stated that he is also an eye-witness to the accident and is required to be examined for the purposes of investigation by the police or during the trial, such bystander or good Samaritan shall be examined on a single occasion and the State Government shall develop standard operating procedures to ensure that bystander or good Samaritan is not harassed or intimidated.

(8) The methods of examination may either be by way of a commission under section 284, of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1973 or formally on affidavit as per section 296, of the said Code and Standard Operating Procedures shall be developed within a period of thirty days from the date when this notification is issued.

(9) Video conferencing may be used extensively during examination of bystander or good Samaritan including the persons referred to in guideline (1) above, who are eye witnesses in order to prevent harassment and inconvenience to good Samaritans.

(10) The Ministry of Health and Family Welfare shall issue guidelines stating that all registered public and private hospitals are not to detain bystander or good Samaritan or demand payment for registration and admission costs, unless the good Samaritan is a family member or relative of the injured and the injured is to be treated immediately in pursuance of the order of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in Pt. Parmannand Katara vs Union of India & Ors [1989] 4 SCC 286.

(11) Lack of response by a doctor in an emergency situation pertaining to road accidents, where he is expected to provide care, shall constitute “Professional Misconduct”, under Chapter 7 of the Indian Medical Council (Professional Conduct, Etiquette and Ethics) Regulation, 2002 and disciplinary action shall be taken against such doctor under Chapter 8 of the said Regulations.

(12) All hospitals shall publish a charter in Hindi, English and the vernacular language of the State or Union
territory at their entrance to the effect that they shall not detain bystander or good Samaritan or ask for depositing money from them for the treatment of a victim.

(13) In case a bystander or good Samaritan so desires, the hospital shall provide an acknowledgement to such good Samaritan, confirming that an injured person was brought to the hospital and the time and place of such occurrence and the acknowledgement may be prepared in a standard format by the State Government and disseminated to all hospitals in the State for incentivising the bystander or good Samaritan as deemed fit by the State Government.

(14) All public and private hospitals shall implement these guidelines immediately and in case of noncompliance or violation of these guidelines appropriate action shall be taken by the concerned authorities.

(15) A letter containing these guidelines shall be issued by the Central Government and the State Government to all Hospitals and Institutes under their respective jurisdiction, enclosing a Gazette copy of this notification and ensure compliance and the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare and Ministry of Road Transport and Highways shall publish advertisements in all national and one regional newspaper including electronic media informing the general public of these guidelines.

2. The above guidelines in relation to protection of bystander or good Samaritan are without prejudice to the liability of the driver of a motor vehicle in the road accident, as specified under section 134 of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 (59 of 1988).

SANJAY BANDOPADHYAYA, Jt. Secy.